



# Kiletšo ya mesepelo motseng

African Storybook

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Langa o a sepela o ya sekolong. O tlogile gae e sa le mesong kudu.

O dula kgole le sekolo sa gagwe.

O thabetše go boela sekolong ka lebaka la gore dikolo di be di tswaletšwe dikgwedi tše ntši.



Mo tseleng, a tseba gaboMandla.

E šetše e le kgale Langa a sa bone mogwera wa gagwe. Ba be ba sa dumelelwa go raloka mmogo.

Bašemane ba thabelane gomme ba dumedišana ka ditšu le menwana ya maoto.



Bašemane ba tšwela pele ka go sepela. Ba thabetše go fihla sekolong.

Ba thabetše go bolela ka kiletšo ya mesepelo.

“Na le be le dira eng go netefatša gore le dula le bolokegile twatšing ye?” Langa a botšiša.



“Re tsoga e sa le mesong ra hlapa matsogo. Re hlapa matsogo gape pele re eja,” Mandla a fetola.

“Ee, re hlapa matsogo ka mehla!” Langa a dumela.

“Re kga meetse ka dinako tšohle,” a tlaleletša.



“Ke be ke tIwaetše go dula le bagwera ba ka efela gabjale ga ke sa kgona ka lebaka la gore ga se ra swanela go dula le batho ba bantši,” Mandla a realo.

“Go na le melao ye meswa ye mentši,” Langa a buša moya.



“O swanetše go khupetša nko le molomo ge o etšwa ka gae. Ge o gohlola, o swanetše go khupetša molomo wa gago ka gare ga setšu. Ge o fetša go gohlola, o swanetše go hlapa matsogo a gago,” Langa a fa maele ka go latelelana ga wona.



“Mo ke dulago, ga re sa kgona go raloka kgwele ya maoto,” Mandla a realo.

“Mo ke dulago, batšofadi ga ba sa kgona go hwetša dihlare tša bona go tšwa tliniking,” Langa a realo.





“Twatši le kiletšo ya mesepelo di amile maphelo a batho bao ba dulago mo motseng,” Langa a realo.

“Ga re sa kgona go ya toropong ka ge dinamelwa tša bohle di se sa sepela,” Mandla a realo.



“Batho ba bantši bao ba hwetšago tšhelete ka go rekiša ga ba sa kgona go rekiša,” Mandla a tšwela pele.

Bašemane ba a homola bjale. Ba rile ge ba batamela sekolo, ba thoma go sepediša.



Langa a re, "Ke be be thuša ka go hlatswa le go apea gore ke se lewe ke bodutu. Gape ke be ke bogela thelebišene ebile ke bala."

"Nna ke be ke raloka kgwele ya ka ya maoto. Ke thuša mma, ke bala dipukukanegelo tša ka," Mandla a realo.

Bašemane ba fihllile sekolong ka nako.

## —Dipotšišo

1. Na o be o dira eng gore o phele o bolokegile twatšing ya Corona? Hlaloša.
2. Mo letlakaleng la 10, bašemane ba bolela ka maitemogelo a bona a dilo tšeo di fetilego. Ngwala mantšu a bona a bonagale eke ba bolela lehono (ka lebjale).
3. Ngwala mantšu a bona a bonagale eke ba bolela gosasa (ka letlago).

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Pukukanegelo ye e theilwe godimo ga dipego tša bana tša Radio RX. Radio RX ke seteišene sa seyalemoya sa inthanete sa bana seo se tšweletšwago le go diragatšwa ke bana, ba direla bana.

Seteišene se, se gašwa go tšwa Bookelong bja Bana bja Red Cross War Memorial go la Kapa.

Radio RX e thuša bana go anega dikanegelo mabapi le ditaba tšeo di lego bohlokwa mo go bona.

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Ulwazi Lwethu is a Zenex Foundation funded and initiated project to develop a series of graded and leisure African language readers and teacher support materials. This project is targeted at teaching and supporting learners in the Foundation Phase to improve their home language reading and understanding. The readers have been originated in nine African languages in collaboration with Molteno Institute for Language and Literacies, Nelson Mandela Institute for Education and Rural Development, Room to Read South Africa, and Saide. All resources are developed as Open Education Resources (OER).



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